## Year 5 Curriculum Map 2023-24

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Maths	Place value	Multiplication and	Multiplication and	Decimals and	Shape	Negative numbers
	Number to a million	division	division	percentages	Measuring angles	Identify negative
	- Roman numerals to	- Multiples and	-Multiply 4-digits by	Decimals up to 2 d.p	with a protractor	numbers
	1,000	Factors	1-digit	- Decimals as	- Drawing lines and	- Plot negative
	- Round to the	- Common factors	- Multiply up to 4-	fractions	angles accurately	numbers on a
	nearest 10, 100 and	- Prime numbers	digits by 2-digits	- Understand	- Calculating angles	number line
	1000	Square numbers -	- Divide 4-digits by 1-	thousandths	on a straight line	- Apply appropriate
	- Compare and	Cube numbers -	digit	- Rounding	- Calculating angles	vocabulary
	order numbers to a	Multiplying by 10,	- Divide with	decimals.	around a point	- Solve problems
	million	100 and 1000	remainders	- Order and	- Calculating lengths	involving negative
	- Round numbers to	- Dividing by 10, 100		compare decimals	and angles in shapes	numbers
	a million	and 1000	Fractions	- Understand	- Regular and	
	- Counting in 10s,	- Multiples of 10, 100	Decimals and	percentages	irregular polygons	Measurement:
	100s, 1,000s, 10,000s	and 1000	percentages	- Percentages as	- Reasoning about	Converting Units
	and 100,000s		Subtract fractions.	fractions and	3D shapes	- Kilograms and
		Fractions	- Subtract mixed	decimals		kilometres
	Addition and	Equivalent fractions	numbers	- Equivalent F.D.P.	Position and	- Milligrams and
	Subtraction	- Improper fractions	- Subtract – breaking		direction	millilitres
	- Add whole	to mixed numbers	the whole	Perimeter and Area	- Position in the first	-Metric units
	numbers with more	- Mixed numbers to	- Multiply unit	- Measure perimeter	quadrant	- Imperial units
	than 4- digits	improper fractions	fractions by an	- Calculate	- Reflection.	- Converting units o
	(column method)	- Number sequences	integer	perimeter	- Reflection with	time
	- Subtract whole	- Compare and	- Multiply non-unit	- Area of rectangles	coordinates	- Timetables
	numbers with more	order fractions less	fractions by an	- Area of	Translation	
	than 4-digits (column	than 1	integer	compound shapes	- Translation with	Volume
	method)	- Compare and	- Multiply mixed	- Area of irregular	coordinates	- What is volume?
	- Round to estimate	order fractions	numbers by integers	shapes		- Compare volume
	and approximate	greater than 1	- Fraction of an		Decimals	- Estimate volume
	- Inverse operations	<ul> <li>Add and subtract</li> </ul>	amount - Using	Statistics	Adding and	- Estimate capacity
	(addition and	fractions	fractions as	- Read, interpret and	subtracting decimals	
	subtraction)	<ul> <li>Add fractions</li> </ul>	operators	draw line graphs	within 1	
	- Multi-step addition	within 1		- Use line graphs to	- Complements to 1	
	and subtraction	- Add 3 or more		solve problems	- Adding decimals	
	problems	fractions		- Read and interpret	<ul> <li>crossing the whole</li> </ul>	
		-Add mixed numbers		tables	- Adding and	
				- Two-way tables	subtracting decimals	
				Timetables	with the same then	

Literacy	*Poetry- mythical creatures *Greek myths	*Non-chron report- *Narrative	*Newspaper report- Tudor link *Non-chron report- Tudors	*Narrative- Nowhere Emporium Explanation- Magical machine	different number of decimal places - Decimal sequences - Multiplying and dividing decimals by 10, 100 and 1000  *Balanced argument- choice of big questions *  *Adventure story-Tom Sawyer	*Poetry - rollercoasters *Instructions – design own game and write instructions
Guided Reading	The Odyssey	The Odyssey	The Nowhere Emporium	The Nowhere Emporium	Tom Sawyer	Tom Sawyer
History / Geography	Greeks Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world  Skills:  I can describe and make some links between events, situations and changes within and between different periods and societies.  I can use historical periods as reference points.  I can explain which causes and consequences are	Water, Weather, Climate Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle (2) Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts. Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts. Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography,	Local history (Hampton Court and Tudors)  a local history study Skills:  I can use a timeline to sequence local, national and international events as well as historical periods.  I can explain my suggestions when giving reasons for and results of historical events, situations and changes.	Rivers Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: vegetation belts, rivers. Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: water cycles. Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies (2)	Leisure and entertaining century a study of an aspect of history that extends put knowledge beyond 10  Skills: When I talk and write of include good detail; I put my ideas if (chronological and so I can describe and suggest some reasons similarities and different society, culture and retained the wider world.  I take account of a raif (such as the author, a of a source, where an created) when evaluating accuracy and usefulning as the support of the sup	or theme in British upils' chronological 266 about the past, I an context ale).  for aces in eligion in Britain and ange of information udience and purpose d when it was ating its

	the most significant.	including: water				
	l momosi signineam.	cycles (2)		Select methods for		
		Cyclos (2)		collecting,		
		Confidently select		presenting and		
		methods for		analysing data.		
		collecting,		Begin to analyse		
		presenting and		evidence and draw		
		analysing data.		conclusions.		
		Begin to analyse				
		evidence and draw		Physical geography		
		conclusions		including rivers and		
				topographical		
				features. Explain and		
				present the process		
				of rivers and the		
				climates of the given		
				countries. Relate this		
				to knowledge of the		
				Northern Hemisphere		
				Draw conclusions as		
				to their similarities		
				and differences		
				Human geography		
				including land use		
				and how it has		
				changed,		
				parliamentary		
				systems.		
Art/DT	Art	DT	Art	DT	Art	DT
All/DI	Drawing –	Aspect: Food	Surface and colour –	Aspect: Textiles	Working in three	Aspect: Mechanical
	Typography and	Focus: Celebrating	making monotypes	Focus: Combining	dimensions – Set	systems
	maps (drawing and	culture and seasonality	or mixed media land	different fabrics shapes	design (modelling)	Focus: Pulleys and
		,		or using computer	or Architecture:	gears
	design)		and city scapes or	aided design in textiles		<b>Link:</b> Leisure and
			fashion design		Dream big or small	entertainment
			(hampton court		(sculpture).	(fairground)
			link?)		Leisure and	
					entertainment in the	
					20th century	

Scienc	e

# Space Describe the movement of the Earth and other planets, relative to the sun in the solar

system.

Describe the movement of the moon relative to the Earth. Describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximate spherical bodies.

Use Earth rotation to explain day and night due to the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.

Explain that
unsupported objects
fall towards the Earth
because of the force
of gravity acting
between the Earth
and the falling
object.(Forces
objective moved to
support space subject
knowledge)

Working scientifically Raise questions and suggest reasons for

### Living things and Habitats

Describe the differences in life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird.

Describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.

## Working scientifically Use oral and written

forms to report conclusions Present data in a variety of different ways to help answer my questions Ask relevant questions and find ways to answer them Make accurate and relevant predictions Suggest next steps based on the weakest aspects of the enquiry Record results using a bar chart and explain the results

## Animals including Humans

Describe the changes as humans develop from birth to old age.

Working scientifically
Make predictions on

gestation periods
Record data using
scatter graphs
Make careful
observations as we
grow older
Recording learning
using scientific
diagrams
Interpret findings to
help others
Evaluate my learning

## Properties of materials

Compare and group together everyday materials based on their properties, including hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity and response to magnets.

Know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and describe how to recover a substance from a solution.

Use knowledge of solid, liquid and gas to decide how mixtures might be separated including through filtering, sieving and evaporation.

Give reasons based on evidence from comparative tests for the particular uses of everyday materials including metals, wood and plastic.

Demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and

#### Forces

Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces

Recognise that some mechanisms including levers, pulleys and gears allow a smaller force to have a greater effect

#### Working scientifically

Observe different forces and measure the force using different equipment

Set up tests

Interpret and communicate results from data using scientific vocabulary
Plan different types of enquiry to answer a

question

Take measurements using a range of scientific equipment

Record results in a table

	similarities and differences Use measurement to represent planets in a model Record work using scientific diagrams and labels Use a model to discuss, communicate and justify scientific ideas using scientific vocabulary Present results in a variety of ways to answer a question Plan own test and control variables			changes of state are reversible changes.  Explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials and this kind of change is not usually reversible including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.  Working scientifically Evaluate tests Make predictions about which materials are soluble and insoluble Use scientific language and illustrations to discuss, communicate and justify ideas Make careful observations when heating solutions Plan my own test based on how materials react with one another Record results in a table		
Computing	Unit 5.1 Coding (6 lessons)  What does simulating a	Unit 5.8 Word processing (8 lessons)	Unit 5.3 Spreadsheets (6 lessons)	Unit 5.4 Databases (4 lessons)	Unit 5.5 Game Creator (5 lessons)	Unit 5.6 - continued Unit 5.7

- physical system mean?
- Describe how you would use variables to make a timer countdown and a scorepad for a game.
- Give examples of how you could use the Launch command in 2Code.
- What do the terms decomposition and abstraction mean? Use examples to explain them.

#### **Unit 5.2**

Online safety (3 lessons)

- Who do I tell if I see anything online that makes me upset or scared?
- Why are passwords so important?
- Why is it important to reference sources in my work?

- What is a word processing tool used for?
- What features can you use to make a document more readable?

How do you successfully add an image to a document?

- How would you add a formula so that the cell shows the product of two other cells?
- What would you use in 2Calculate to have a cell that automatically calculates the number of days since a certain date?
- Explain what a spreadsheet model of a reallife situation is and what it can be used for?

- What is a database?
- Why is the collaborative feature important?

In what ways can I sort information in a database?

- What is the 2DIY3D tool on Purple Mash?
- What makes a good computer game?
- Why is it important to continually evaluate your game?

#### **Unit 5.6**

3D Modelling (4 lessons)

- What are the different view of an object available in 2Design and Make?
- How can the objects designed in 2Design and Make be turned into 3D objects?
- How is CAD software used in industry? Give some examples.

- Concept Maps (4 lessons)
- What is a concept map?
- How is information arranged on a concept map?
   How does a concept map help share ideas?

PSHE	Healthy sleep habits; sun safety; medicines, vaccinations , immunisation s and allergies	Personal identity recognindividuand difficulties mental wellbei	v; nising vality eferent es;	Keeping safe in different situations, including responding in emergencies , first aid	Protecting the environment; compassion towards others	How information online targets differed media their raimpac	is ed; nt types, le and	Identifying job interests and aspirations; what influences career choices; workplace stereotypes	Managing friendships and peer influence	Physica contac feeling	ct and	Responding respectfully to a wide range of people; recognising prejudice and discriminatio n
RE	Christianity – W do Christians b about creation	elieve	does it	m – What mean to be a a synagogue unity?	Islam – What h Muslims to live good life?		the ide	anity – Why is ea of "rescue" ortant to	did the church begin d			itic unit - What mean to live
PE	Fitness Dodgeball		Dance Handb		Fitness Tag rugby		Gymno Basket		Athletics Tennis		Badminton Cricket	
Music	<ol> <li>Exploring Rhythmic Layers</li> <li>Exploring time signatures and performing together</li> <li>Performing rhythms expressively</li> <li>Exploring rhythmic texture</li> <li>Creating and notating musical texture</li> </ol>			<ol> <li>Music and Words</li> <li>Developing an understanding of the inter-related dimensions and musical vocabulary</li> <li>Improvising musical patterns</li> <li>Exploring Jazz</li> <li>Composing and notating music inspired by lyrics and poetry</li> </ol>			Song Ingredients – Exploring Melody, Harmony and Lyrics  1. Exploring melodic layers 2. Exploring scales, intervals and chords 3. Creating and playing harmonic accompaniments (drones, chords and basslines) 4. Combining lyrics, melody and harmony			als and chords narmonic ords and		
French	Les planets  • Name and spaccurately son the planets in Fonds on a solar map • Say and write extended sent for at least one planet. • Understand I the rules of adjectival agreement in Fonds and apply these	ne/all French o. e ences e better French	Tell so French of the Olymp     Tell so French of the Olymp     Look and his words how to	omebody in the key facts history of the ics. omebody in the key facts modern ic games. for cognates ghlight key when learning a decode text in gist	• Continue ap the knowledge and understand of the language covered in uniting and two. • Sit and listen attentively to I history for as lot they can, concentrating the facts told them in French learning how to	plying e, skills ading ge as ts one fudor ang as on to	in French time ar French • Learn what the weeke • Learn conne their w • Prese accou	what the time is ch. • Tell the ccurately in in how to say they do at the end in French. In to integrate ctives into ork.	• Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for school subject • Say what subthey like and cat school. • Say why they dislike certain subjects. • Tell the time of the hour) in Free Say what time	s. pjects dislike like/ school (on ench. •	Say of we ear stay here say of we do drink to activiting do not shape	and write what not eat and stay healthy. and write the les we do and the do to stay in including a e of physical

	rules to my work improving grammatical accuracy.	listening and reading in French.  • Say the nouns in French for key sports in the current Olympic games.  • Conjugate the irregular verb FAIRE enabling the students to say what sports they play and what sports they play and what sports they do not play.  • Understand the concept of de la, de I' and du when you say you play a sport in French	decode longer spoken and written French that is harder and unknown to them.  • Learn at least three adjectives in French.  • Tell somebody in French at least two key facts of Tudor history.	time at the weekend.	study certain subjects at school.	• Follow a simple, healthy recipe in French.
Trips/Visitors	Hooke Court - Greeks	Visit synagogue	Hampton Court Library/Leatherhead museum	River Mole Author Visit (Nowhere Emporium)	Leatherhead Fire and Iron Sculpture gallery	Chessington
Opportunities for outdoor learning and maximising locality	Olympic Games Human models of the solar system (understanding scale)	Measuring weather (rainfall, temperature etc)		Fieldwork at the river Find variety of materials to carry out tests on Forest school fires linked to burning of materials	Parachute experiment	Science parachute experiment
How does the school's theologically rooted Christian vision enable pupil's adults and children to flourish?	Electing house captains	Residential trip Remembrance Day Climate change	Balanced argument  Protecting the environment – compassion towards others	Junior Citizen (year 6)	Managing friendships	Fiver Challenge ( Year 6)